

ACHILLES: SMALL CHIP, BIG PERIL

New Vulnerabilities Found by Check Point <research>

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Trends

Research and analysis of trends and technical developments in the cyber threat landscape



Detection

Improving detection of ongoing threats and alerting of future ones



Analysis

Advising product teams through analysis of malicious artifacts.



Spread The Word

Spreading the word of cybersecurity in Check Point



CPR'S LATEST FINDINGS IN THE MOBILE WORLD





Coronavirus-related mobile malware



Lucy's Back: Ransomware goes Mobile



MDM used to distribute Cerberus malware

SandBlast Mobile keeps you protected

WHAT WE FOUND



Over 400 vulnerabilities on Qualcomm's Chipset threaten mobile phones' usability worldwide

SAMSUNG



SONY







Google Pixel

WHAT ARE THE RISKS?





Turn the phone into a spying tool



Render the phone unresponsive

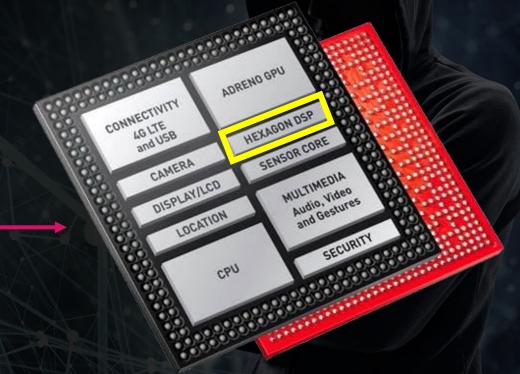


Malicious code can hide activities and become un-removable

QUALCOMM SoC (System on Chip)





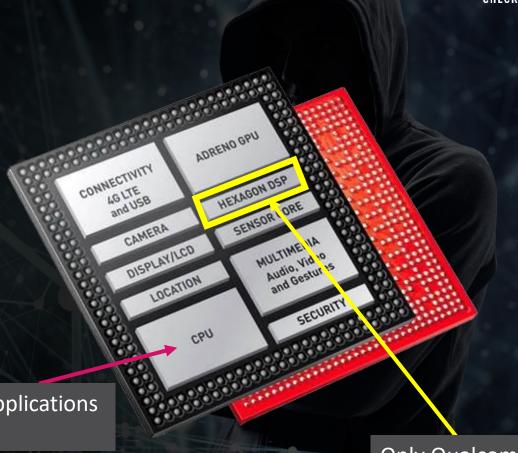


https://blog.checkpoint.com/2020/08/06/achilles-small-chip-big-peril/

WHAT IS A DSP?

- What is a DSP?
 - Digital Signal Processor
- What is Hexagon?
 - A HW architecture like x86, MIPS, ARM
- Does it have its own OS?
 - Yes, QuRT
- What is it used for?
 - Computer vision tasks
 - Camera streaming
 - Machine learning-related calculations
 Low-power processing of audio/voice data

Android applications run here



Only Qualcomm signed code can run here

Who can run code on DSP?



- Can I compile my own DSP library? Yes
 - Hexagon SDK is publically available
 - Stub and skel code will be generated automatically
- Can I execute this library on DSP? No
 - DSP is licensed for programming by OEMs
 - The code running on the DSP is signed by Qualcomm
 - Android app has no permissions to execute its own code on the DSP
 - Only prebuilt DSP libraries could be freely invoked

How does Achilles work?

- We cannot sign a skeleton library, but...
- We can execute a signed one
- No version check
- No per-device limitation



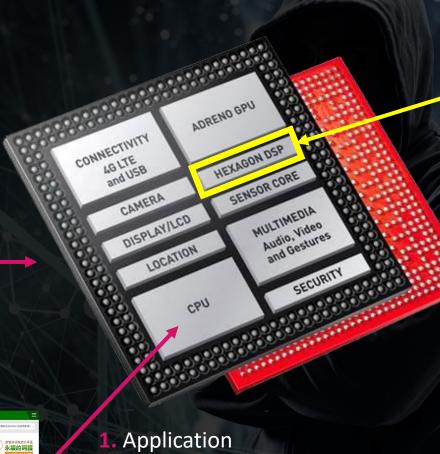




How does it work?







runs here



CHECK POINT RESEARCH

2. App loads old SIGNED library to the DSP

3. Sending payload exploiting the vulnerable skeleton lib running code on the DSP

4 Exploiting DSP driver to gain system privileges

How does Achilles work?



CVE-2020-11201

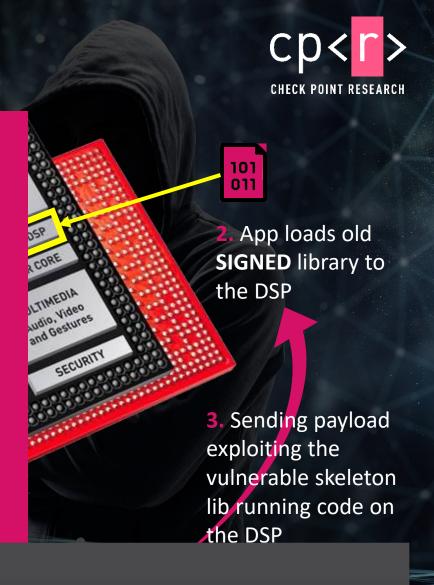
CVE-2020-11202

CVE-2020-11206

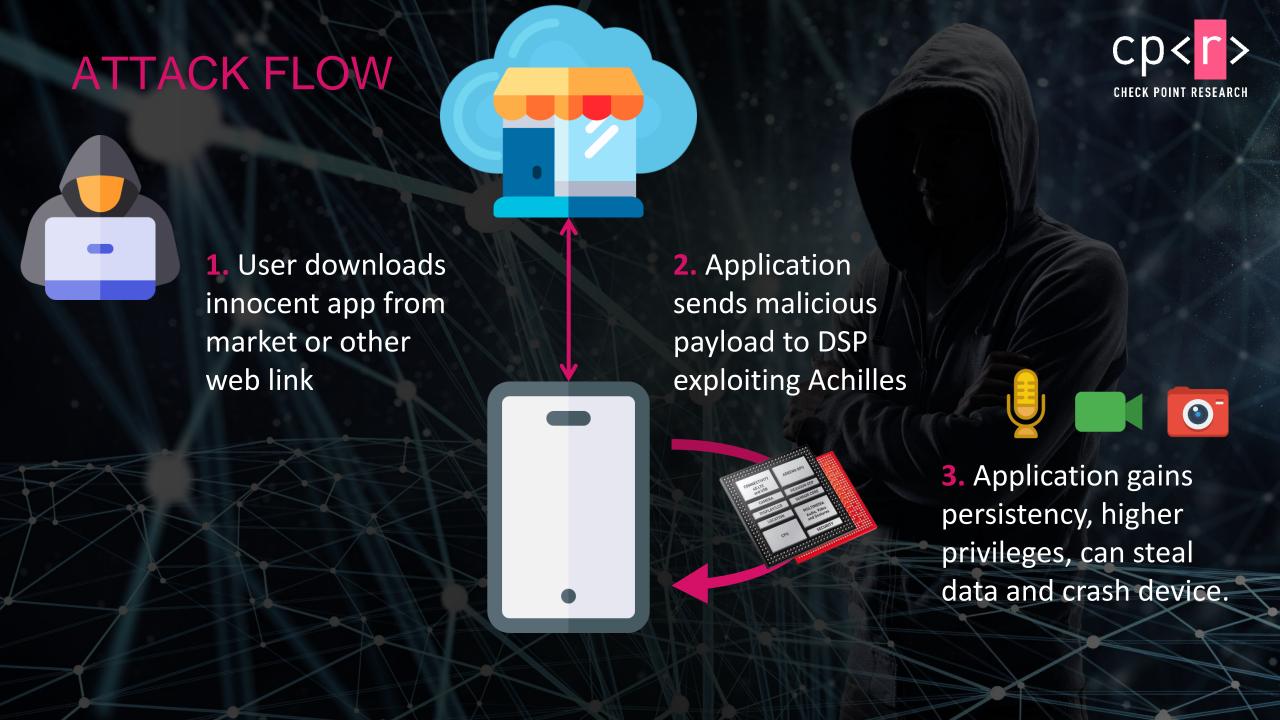
CVE-2020-11207

CVE-2020-11208

CVE-2020-11209



THE VULNERABILITIES WE FOUND ENABLE RUNNING CODE ON THE DSP!









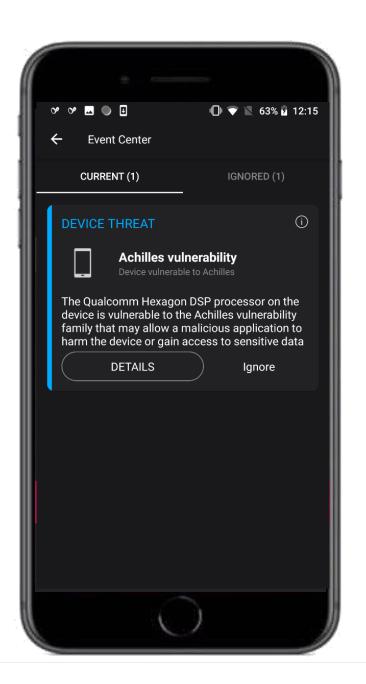


The only way to restore the device is to wipe it via boot menu (factory reset)



Is my device vulnerable?





SANDBLAST MOBILE Preventing mobile cyber attacks

O1.
Prevents
malicious app
downloads

O2.
Prevents phishing across all apps

03.
Prevents MitM attacks

O4.
Blocks access of infected devices to corporate apps

05.
Prevents OS exploits

KEY BENEFITS



Ensures data regulatory compliance



Easy to deploy and to integrate



Leverages world's largest threat intelligence engine, ThreatCloud



Full visibility on incoming threats



BEST PRACTICES FOR MOBILE SECURITY HYGIENE

