DEMOS HELSINKI Experimentation is the new planning

How to mainstream it in government?

Mikko Annala

Head of Governance Innovation Demos Helsinki mikko.annala@demoshelsinki.fi @mikkoannala



The Story of Demos Helsinki

Demos Helsinki is a Nordic think tank established in 2005. We specialise in strategic experiments, co-creation, and foresight. Demos is a non-profit project-funded organisation with no political affiliations.

- Demos Helsinki's work serves two clients: the society and our project clients.
- We have successfully served hundreds of ministries, universities, companies, and NGOs in creating a better future.







MIT Technology Review

Log in / Register

Search Q

Subscribe

Topics+

Top Stories

Magazine Events

More+

Business

How Technology Is Destroying Jobs

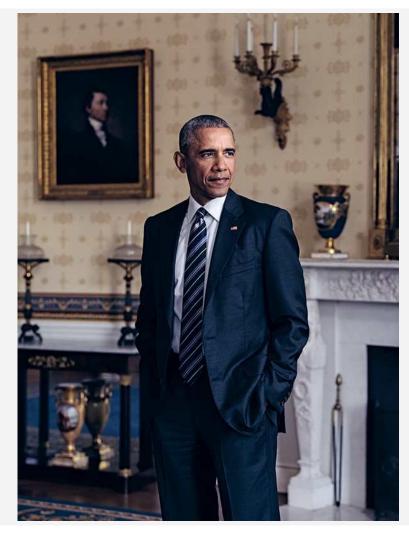


Automation is reducing the need for people in many jobs. Are we facing a future of stagnant income and

DEMOS HELSINKI Obama told Bloomberg
Businessweek that the US would
need to redesign the social
compact as AI plays a larger role
in the economy.

"The notion of a 40-hour workweek, a minimum wage, child labor laws, etc. — those will have to be updated for these new realities," he said.

(...) "universal basic income will be harder to ignore in the coming decades."



DEMOS HELSINKI Finland to give every person £576 a month in bid to cut ALL benefits in the country







Finland to give every person 2576 a month in bid to cut ALL benefits in the country

IT'S AN EXPERIMENT

Finland Plans to Give All Its Unizens \$875 a Month, Should Other Countries Follow Suit?







Experimentation enables the government to explore the unknown



Finland's experiment in a nutshell:

- Duration 2 years
- Nationwide pilot
- Started on January 1, 2017.
- Covers 2,000 unemployed Finns
- Age between 25 and 58
- Guaranteed sum of 560€ / month, which equals average monthly unemployment benefits in Finland.
- Unemployment benefits were replaced
- Payments take place even if the recipient works or has other income.

Short video by YLE

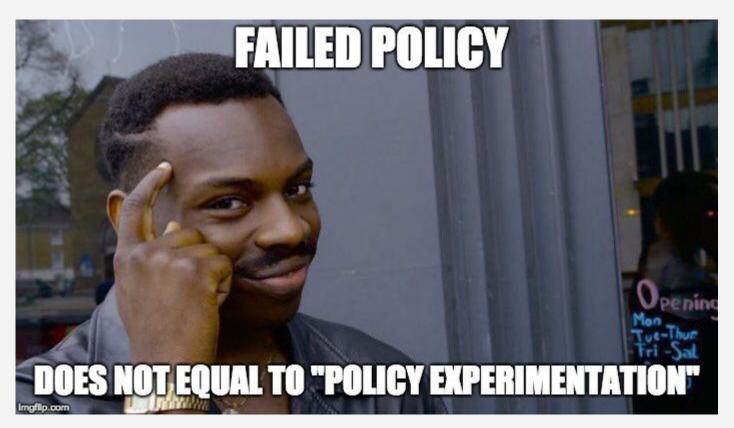


What is public sector experimentation?

- ✓ Tied to policy aims
- ✓ There is uncertainty of the outcome
- ✓ Temporary activity
- ✓ Limited scope
- ✓ Possibility to evaluate successes and failures

#itapa2018





From Planning to Experimenting

- ★ Avoiding failures
 ✓ Taking use of failures
- ★ Trying to reach certainty ✓ Dialogue with uncertainty
- ★ Evaluating after scaling

 ✓ Learning throughout process

New wave of experimentation emerged

Institutions such as the OECD, European Commission, and White House have recommended their member states to utilise experimental methods and behavioural insights in their policy making processes.

Without experimentation:

- Potential, but too risky, radical or just different initiatives are left unexplored
- 2. Failing policies and services live too long
- Lot of time is spent for planning for perfect future solutions – which will never happen



Limitations of planning? Finnish government fixing the big machine.

Sat. 10 Jan. 2015 03:01:42 AM

OHRA proposes new govt policy approach

FTimes Report, Jan 10



The final report of the OHRA Project was handed over to Prime Minister Alexander Stubb by State Secretary Olli-Pekka Heinonen of the Prime Minister's Office and State Secretary Martti Hetemäki of the Ministry of Finance on Friday. Photo Lehtikuva.

The government consistently drawing secure resources a change.

The government's major issues that would focus on, sa joint project OHR. Finance and the PI the potential of diframework.

A key proposal d project is a new ty pursued by the go Communications Do

Released on Frida Project was han Alexander Stubb Heinonen of the P Secretary Martti He

Need to move from...

- detailed plans to strategic objectives
- top-down approach to ecosystems approach
- post-evaluations to continuous learning

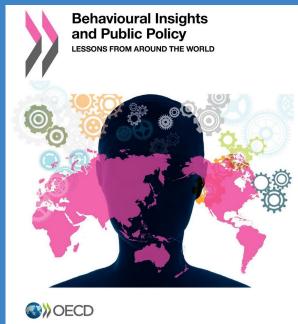


OECD: Experimentation has not reached its full potential

"Behavioural insights are still mostly applied to the areas where they were first introduced, namely consumer protection and choice in diverse areas. There is great potential for applying behavioral insights more broadly."

- OECD, 2017

Same goes with experimentation in general: it has proven to be a useful tool for enforcing service delivery and implementation. But rarely it has gone beyond that.





From puzzles to paintings







Finnish approach: experimentation framework instead of single experiments

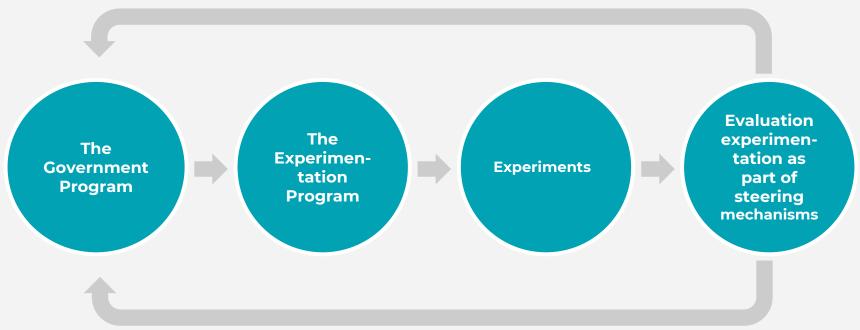
- National Ethical Code of Conduct
- Digital platform for encouraging citizen-led experiments
- Legislative guidelines
- Forerunner networks
- Experimentation Labs
- Media effort for encouraging experimentation culture
- Guidelines and playbooks



KEY PROJECT 4: A CULTURE OF EXPERIMENTATION WILL BE INTRODUCED

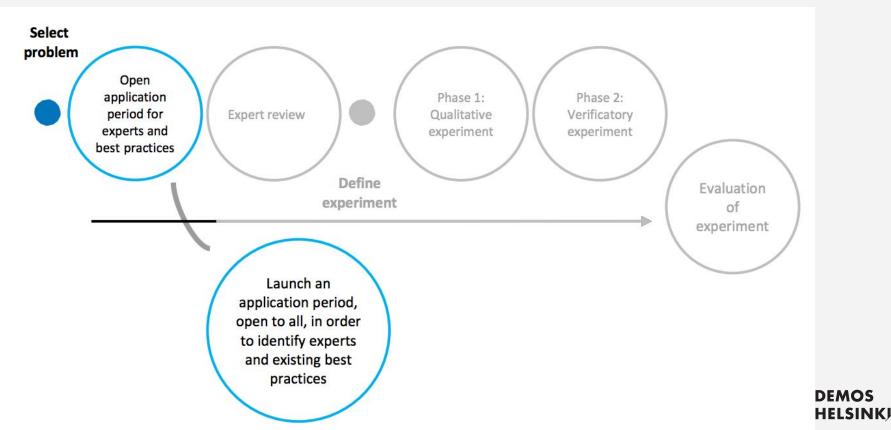
Minister of Local Government and Public Reforms Anu Vehviläinen

The Case of Finland: Linking Experimentation to the Government Program

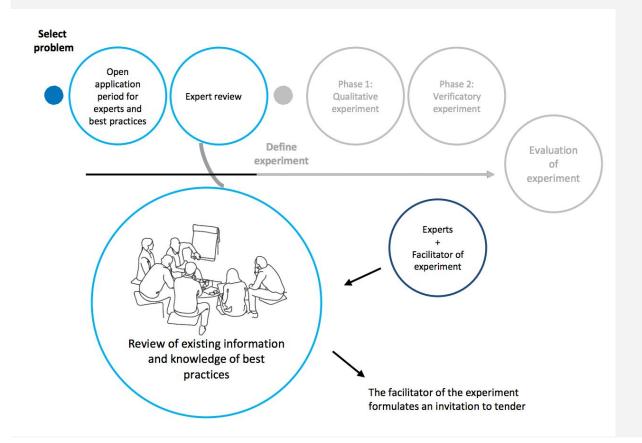


DEMOS HELSINKI

Identify best practices and engage with stakeholders

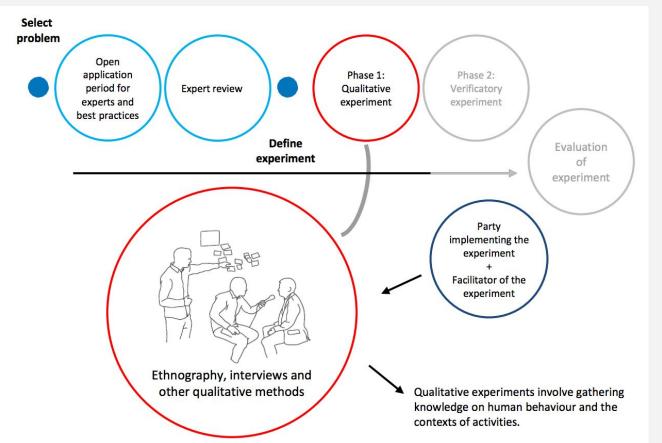


Utilise science and expert knowledge



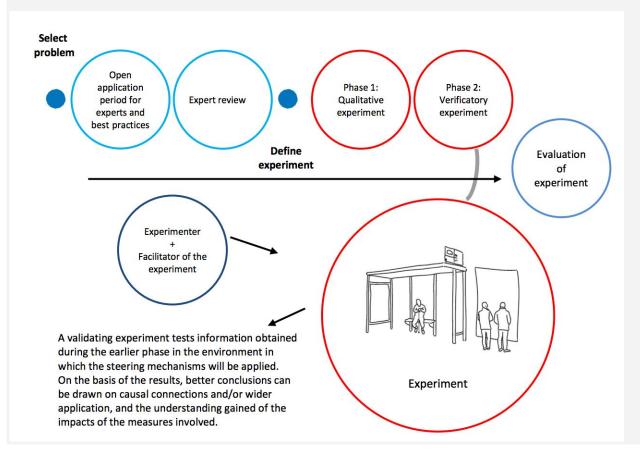


Learn fast, evaluate as you go





Be patient and wait for reliable results





Now experimenting with: education, mobility, employment, arts and health...

27 policy experiments are approaching their end stretch.

Ministers giving policy recommendations in 2019.









Important steps in mainstreaming public sector experimentation

- 1. Move from single experiments towards connecting experimentation to the core activities of government: policy design, legislation, service production, public project management.
- **2. Forget the forerunners.** Concentrate on moving the middle.
- 3. Don't see end-users as participants, but as co-designers of experiments. *Utilize* experts, don't *follow* them.



Thank you!

Mikko Annala, Head of Governance Innovation

www.demoshelsinki.fi/en mikko.annala@demoshelsinki.fi

@mikkoannala



