## ecard

# The Austrian e-card - Part of the eGov-Strategy

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Sozialversicherungs-Chipkarten Betriebs- und Errichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H. Schiffamtsgasse 15, A-1020 Wien

## **SVC: "Social Security Chipcard - Company"**



- Sozialversicherungs-Chipkarten Betriebs- und Errichtungsges.m.b.H." establishes the project and is in charge to operate the system
- established February 24th, 2001
- 100% in the position of the "Main Association of Austrian Social Security Institutions"

## The "SVC - Company"



- The SVC is system integrator Implements the <u>"Electronic Administration System" (ELSY)</u> on behalf of the "Main Association of Austrian Social Security Institutions"
- First Step:
  Substitution of the health insurance vouchers by a smart card.
- Mission of the company:

  Establishment, implementation, operation and extension of ELSY\*)

  using a multi-applicative smart card system within the field of

  Austrian Social Security.

"according to §§ 31a to 31c ASVG (i.e. General Law on Social Insurance)

#### Vision: e-card of the Austrian Social Security in Operation...

#### ecard



Hospitals

**Medical Practices** 



**Out-patient Clinics** 



**Pharmacies** 



**Dentists** 

**Ambulance Services** 

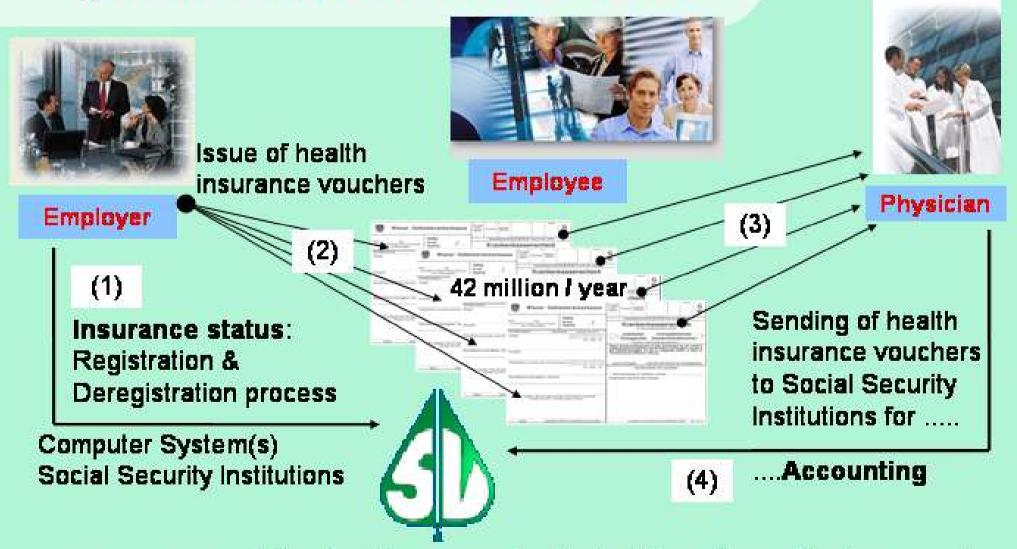


**Social Security Services** 

Keycard for eGov-Applications

#### SVC

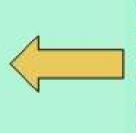
## Present Process: "Consultation of a Doctor"

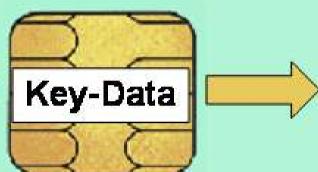


## Basic Application: "Substitution of all Health Insurance Vouchers in Use"

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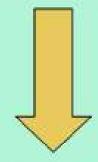




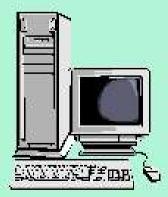




Substitution of about 42 million health insurance vouchers per year



Supply of 8 million insured with e-cards



Integration of about 12.000 contractual partners

- Software clients for medical practices
- chipcard readers
- via "Medical Practice Unit (MPU)"

## Requirements to the Compound System



#### **Legal Provisions:**

- B Design of the e-card as a "Keycard"
- Access to personal data after approval of the cardholder (§31a (2) ASVG)
- Reloadability of health data on the smart card
- The e-card system shall support the transparency of medical services and costs
- Acceptance of other cards with "Citizen Card Functionality" (i.e. prepared for eGovernment).

## System Requirements



#### **General Provisions:**

- "Medical Practice Unit":
  - All interfaces to existing local IT-Infrastructure and to data networks will be standardized and supported by this "Unit"
- Technological sphere of the insured:
  - Consideration of existing degree of IT-utilization (→ 2005)
- Realization of system components:
  - Based on common technological and industrial standards
- Practical application of the project experiences in other european countries (e.g. DE, SL, SP, IT)
- Aspects of interoperability: Development in Europe, e.g. EHIC, Netc@rds

## System Requirements



#### Use of achieved technological development:

- Capability for Citizen Card Applications: electronic signature(s) according to SigG/SigV & VW-SigV
- Access to e-applications of Social Security: via eSV-Portal (services of all 25 Soc.Sec. - Institutions)
- Blectronic accounting of physicians: settled by law since January 1st, 2003
- Availability of data networks with sufficient performance as well as motivating charges (useable also for value added services)

## **Openness of the System**



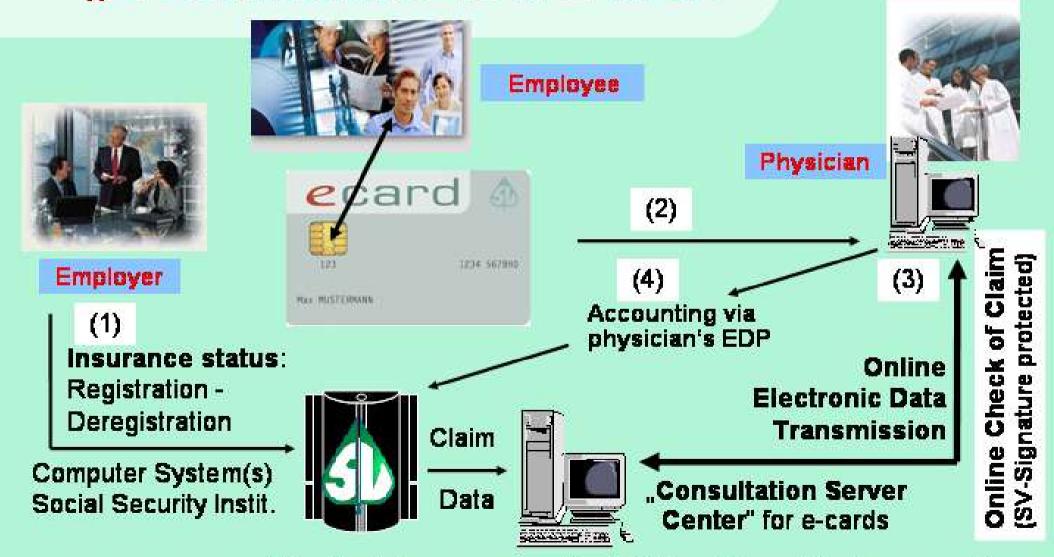
- Modification of the "Conditions for Claim"- rules: Requires software-updates by the operating company, which is specifically supported by the online-system
- Loadability of new applications: Post Issuance Personalisation and downloading of data, data structures and cryptographic key-files to the e-card
- Innovation and migration:
  Simultaneous operation of several "generations" of smart cards with different scope of applications

## Security of the e-card: Basic Aspects



- B Access key (token) is unique within the system
- Lost token are locked systemwide
- Processor-Chip: sufficiently copy-safe
- Security-levels of different strength depending on the application, usefully combined with
  - cryptographic methods
  - electronic signature
  - → PIN / identification feature, which are implemented in the e-card.

## Future Process: "Consultation of a Doctor"



## The Keycard-Principle



- Physically the e-card corresponds to an intelligent token which represents the access key to systembased services and data.
- The e-card is principally not a carrier of application software functions.
- The e-card contains identification data which are required for the access authorization to applications.

## Electronic Signatures of the e-card



#### 3 signature-applications on card:

- Administrative electronic signature (according to VW-SigV) for eGovernment and eCommerce applications
  - "eGov"
- Advanced electronic signature for general applications, where no secure signature is required

"eSocSec"

Social Security Signature

for secure electronic transmission in the field of "substitution of health insurance vouchers" (KSE) and eSV

#### e-card: Part of the Austrian E-Government Strategy

- Administrative Electronic Signature (see VW-SigV, valid as a "Qualified Signature" until 12/2007)
- Unique Identification of the Signatory: Identity Link = data structure binding a citizen's certificate to a person's identity (Base Identification Number, Sector Specific Personal Identifier)
- Client-Software "Citizen Card Environment":

  High level interface "Security Layer", software provided by the

  Austrian Federal Government, available for everybody via

  download: www.cio.gv.at/identity/bku

### eGov – Strategy Security Layer

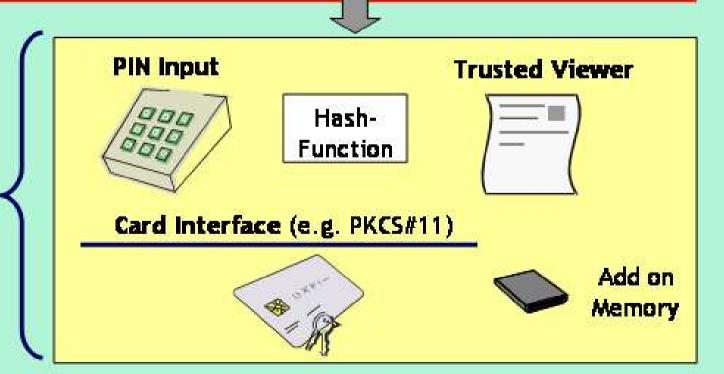
eGov - Application



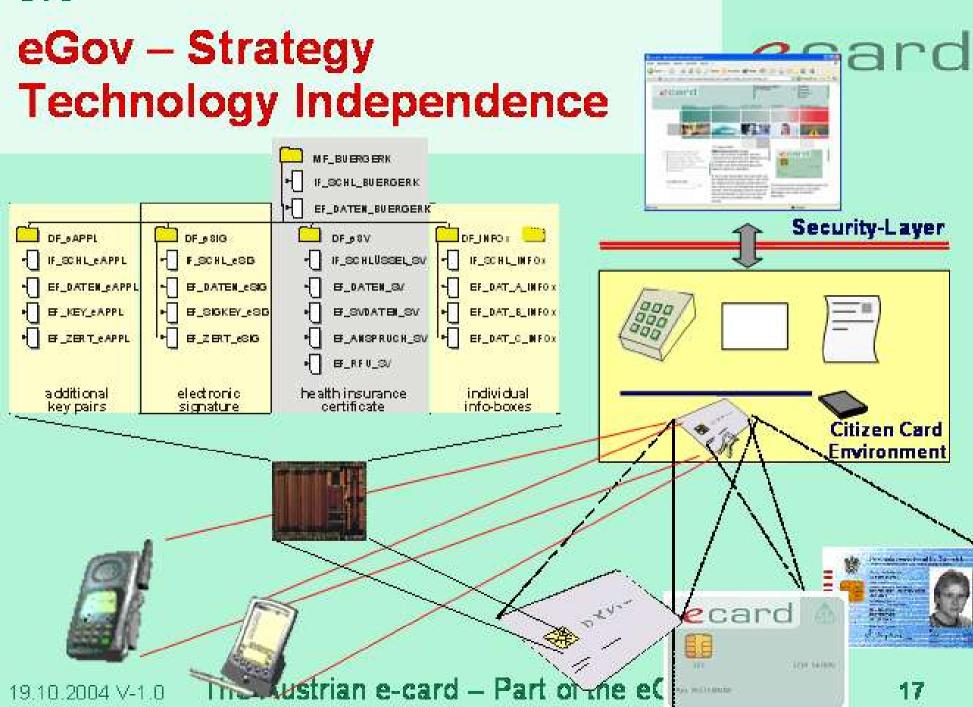
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Security Layer

Citizen Card Environment



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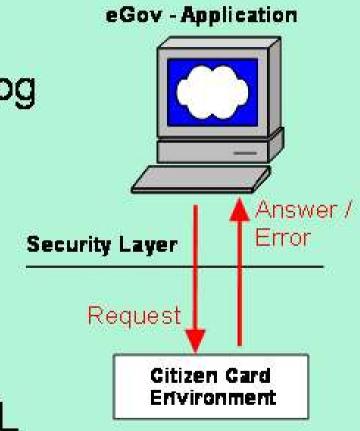
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#### eGov - Strategy **Protocol Structure**

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- Simple Request / Answer Dialog
  - Application sends Request
    - e.g. "Sign Document"
  - Security-Capsule reacts with
    - Answer or
    - Error message

Code of Protocol Elements: XML



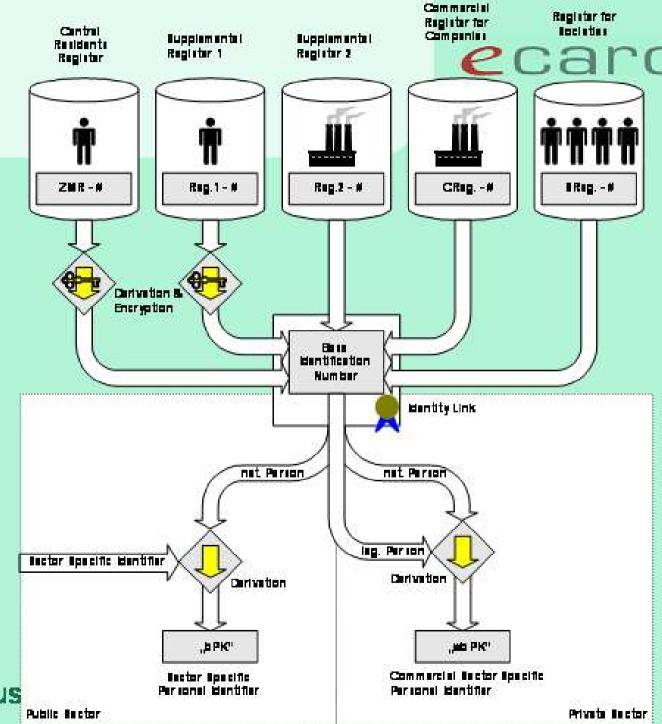
### Austrian E-Government: The "Identity Link"



- "ZMR" = Citizen's Identification Number (supplied by "Residents Register")
- "SZ" = Base Identification Number (derived by strong encryption of ZMR, identifies each person registered in Austria uniquely)
- "BKZ" = Sector Specific Identifier (identifies different Applications of E-Government)
- "bPK" = Sector Specific Personal Identifier (cryptographic derivation out of "SZ & BKZ")

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Derivation of the "Sector **Specific Personal** Identifier" out of several registers



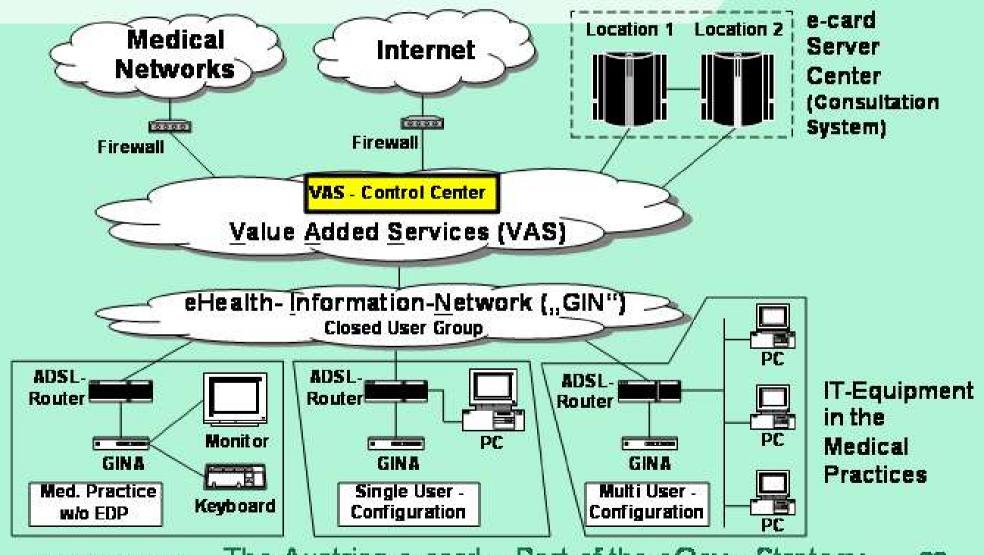
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#### eGov - Strategy **Identity Link**

- = XML Data stucture which comprises <saml:SubjectConfirmationData>
  - Base Identification Number
  - public keys
  - frequently used personal data
  - (name, date of birth).
  - signed by "Base Identification Number Register Council".
- Stored on the Citizen's Card
  - under Control of the Citizen
- Confirms the link between
  - identification data (Base Identification Number)
  - authentification data (Signature Creation / Verification Data)

```
≼nr:Person
si:type="pr:PhysicalP
   <pr:Identification>
     V
     Type>Attp://reference.e
-0
   : Identification>
- <pr:Name>
   GivenName>Herbert
en
   <pr:FamilyName>Leitold</pr:Fa</pre>
mi
 </pr:Name>
 Apr:DateOfBirth>1965-08-12
```

#### Overview: e-card Network



## System Division into Partial Projects

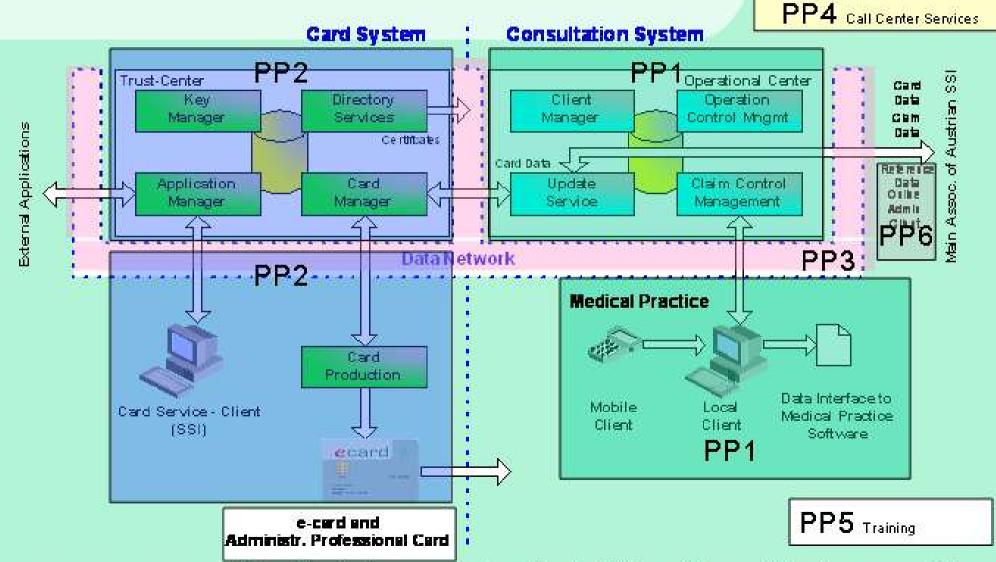


- PP 0: System Integration
- PP 1: Consultation System ("Operational Server Centre and Terminal-Software")
- PP 2: Card System (Health Insurance Smart Card-System and Trust Center-Functions)
- PP 3: Communications Services

  (Data Networks, including Rollout of corresponding IT-components)
- PP 4: Call Center (Customer Services of the Social Security Institutions)
- PP 5: Training
  (Training of Personnel: User Interface in the Medical Practice)
- PR:614 Administration Clientof Social Security Institutions

### PP1 to PP6

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The Austrian e-card - Part of the eGov - Strategy

## Status of the Project

Partial Project	Name of Partial Projects	Contract Award	Contractor / Organization (Subcontractor)
PP1	Consultation System (Operational Server Centre and Terminal-Software)	03.01.2004	Siemens Business Services GmbH & Co, (IBM-Österreich GmbH, Telekom Aust ria AG, Scientific Games International GmbH)
PP2	Card System (Health Insurance SmartCard - System and Trust Center — Functions)	09.04,2004	Giesecke & Devrient GmbH (Deutsche Post Sign Trust GmbH, Bell ID B.V. , Bundesrechenzentrum GmbH)
PP3	Communications Services (Data Networks, incl. Rollout of corresponding IT-components)		Telecom Provider
PP4	Call Center	18.08.2004	Competence Call Center AG
PP5	<b>Training</b> (for Personnel dealing with User Interface in Medical Practices)	CRQ 07/2004	Performed by PP1
PP6	Administrative Client (of the Social Security Institutions)	03/2004	Main Association of Austrian Social Security Institutions

### Strategic Projects: Integration of further Partners

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In the fields of eHealth and Social Security, e.g.



Hospitals (out-patient clinics)





Pharmacies (Electronic Prescription)



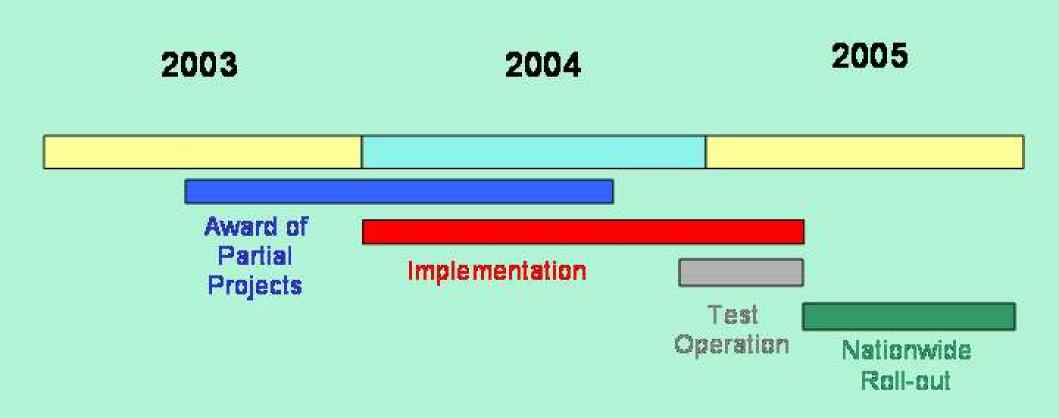
Medical Data Bases (Secure access to diagnostic findings)

...and access to (new) eGovernment Applications



### **Time Schedule**





#### Vision of e-card usage



- Social Security
   Replacement of all paper based health insurance certificates
- eHealth
   Keycard for secure handling of medical transactions
   (basic token for eHealth Telematics)
- E-Government
   Signature and Encryption Card for all fields of application with corresponding requirements
- eApplications for Third Parties
   By use of the Infobox-Concept for Keys and Authorizations
- eCommerce
   Signature and Encryption Card with cooperating Partners.

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# The SVC-project team thanks for your attention!

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