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Digital Agenda for Europe

Carl-Christian Buhr

Cabinet of Vice-President Neelie Kroes (@ccbuhr, http://bit.ly/cc_buhr)





Topics

- Digital Agenda for Europe: Progress and Next Steps
- Connecting Europe Facility: Fast networks and digital services
- Horizon 2020: Future EU Research & Innovation Support
- European Cloud Computing Strategy





What is the Digital Agenda about?

Single European Market in digital sphere

Basic broadband for all Europeans by 2013 and faster rollout of high speed internet

E-skills for all Europeans

Interoperability & standards

Trust & security online

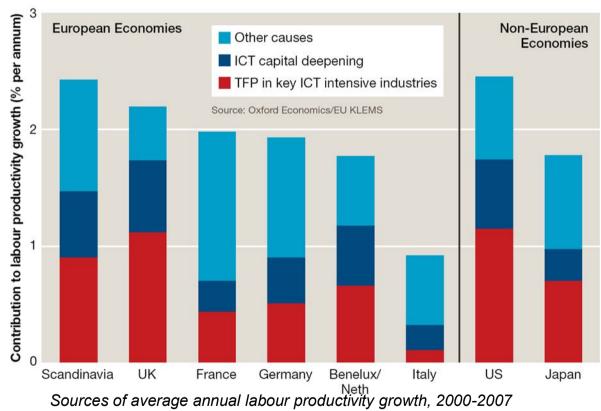
ICT research & innovation

ICT solutions for ageing, climate change, cleaner transport, e-government, e-health ...





ICT boosts productivity



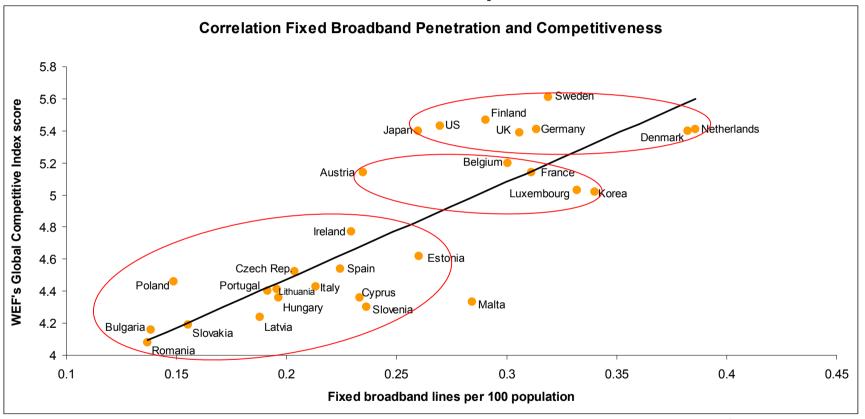
Investment in ICT generates a bigger return to productivity growth than most other forms of capital investment.

(Source: Oxford Economics, Capturing the ICT Dividend, 2011)





Broadband drives competitiveness



European Commission, 2011

A 10% increase in the broadband penetration rate results in 1 to 1.5% increase in annual GDP per-capita. Faster broadband = higher GDP growth. (Czernich et al. - University of Munich, 2009)





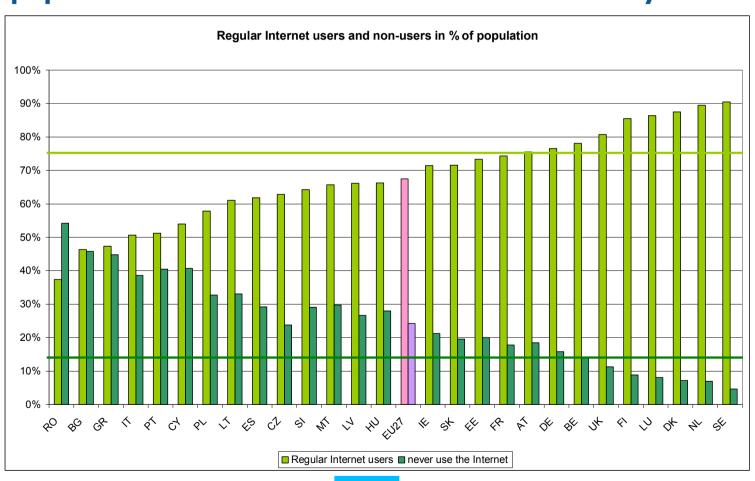
Going digital:

Europe is lagging behind





Increase regular use from 60% to 75% - Halve the % of the population that have never used the internet by 2015

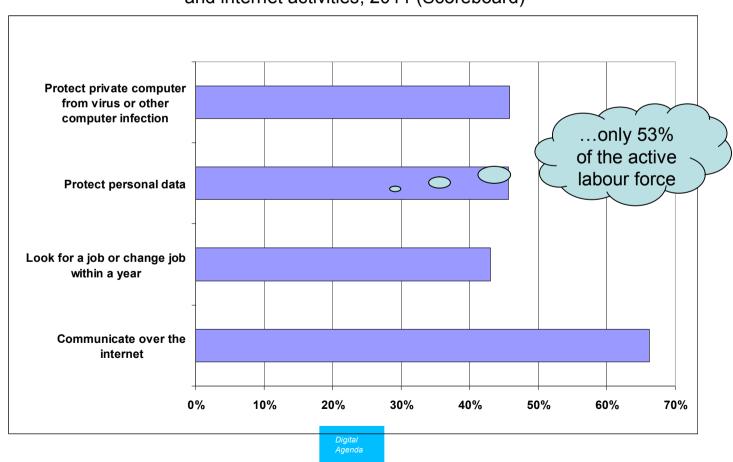






Confidence in IT skills is low, especially those related to work and privacy and security

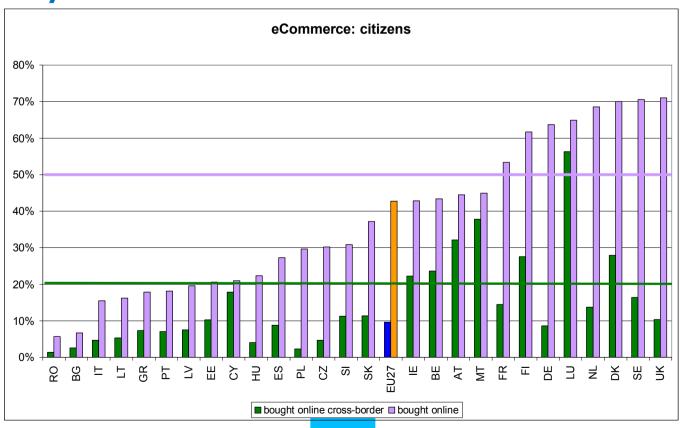
% of people feeling confident in performing certain computer and internet activities, 2011 (Scoreboard)





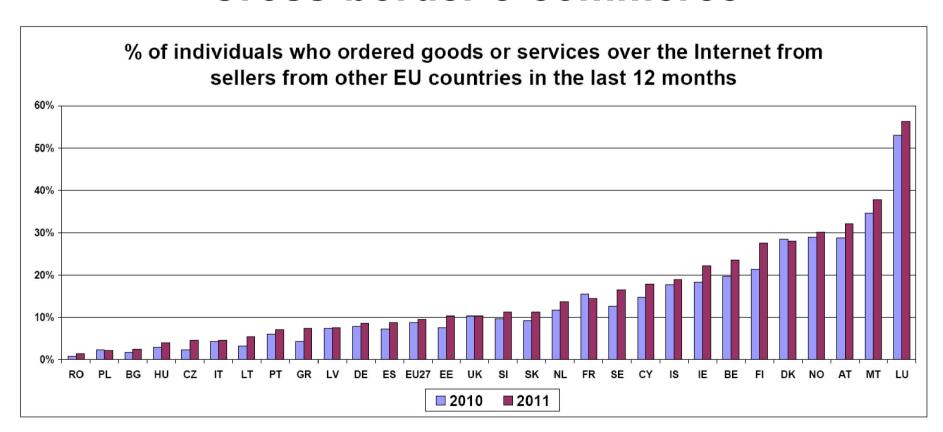
e-Commerce – not enough cross-border purchases

Target: 20% of the population should buy cross border online by 2015





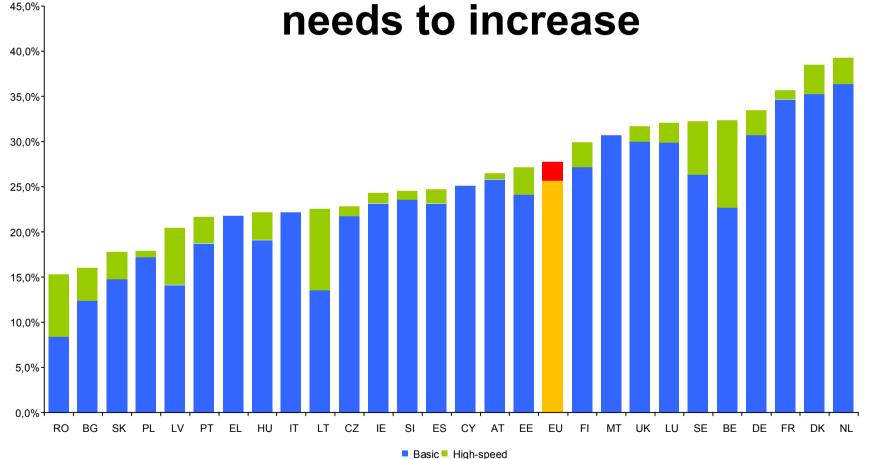
Cross-border e-commerce







Basic and high-speed broadband penetration:



Source: Commission services based on COCOM Total number of subscription by households and enterprises divided by population.



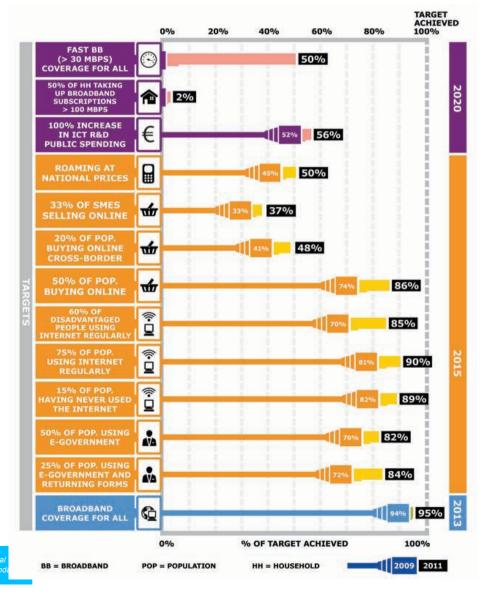
DAE state of play





Digital Agenda Scoreboard

- Annual state of play of progress in all 101 Digital Agenda actions in all 27 EU Member States
- Overall progress good:
 - 38 actions completed
 - 49 on track
 - 14 actions behind schedule, but delivery dates in 2012





Stakeholder engagement

Online stakeholder engagement platform

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/

Monitoring country progress – explore open data



Digital Agenda Assembly



Connecting with local stakeholders







Connecting Europe Facility

Making the Digital CEF happen





CEF => EUR 50bn for

- Transport (30bn)
- Energy (9bn)
- ICT: broadband & digital public service infrastructures (9bn)





Digital CEF: High-speed Broadband

- At least EUR 7bn
- For 2020 targets (at least 30Mb/s for all)
- Via the <u>EIB</u> (plus national equivalents)
- To get <u>long-term investors</u> into the game
- Largely <u>budget-neutral</u>
- SK estimate: 30m -> 250m (20% of gap)





Digital CEF: Digital Service Infrastructures

- Hubs connecting Member State systems
- To use & to drive broadband
- Digitising = modernising public services
- Via grants & procurement

Europeana, eID, eProcurement, eBusiness, eHealth, Data.eu, Safer Internet, multilingual services, European backbone, eJustice etc.





Digital CEF: State of Play

- Council & EP discussions nearing close
- Substance <u>largely stable</u>
- Waiting for the <u>budget</u>





Horizon 2020

Simpler and better research & innovation





EUR 80bn, 3 pillars:

- 1. Excellence (ICT 4bn)
- 2. Competitiveness (ICT 8bn, notably KET)
- 3. Societal Challenges (ICT ca. 4bn)

Health, Transport, Energy, Food, Climate, Security & Innovation & Inclusion





Horizon 2020: State of Play

- Council <u>agreed</u> Rules for Participation
- Parliament to vote in November
- Notable issues: Open Access to results
- Waiting for the <u>budget</u>





Cloud Computing Strategy





"Unleashing the Potential of Cloud Computing in Europe" - of 27/09/2012

Enabling and facilitating <u>faster</u> adoption of cloud computing;

throughout <u>all</u> sectors of the economy;

to help cut ICT costs and boost productivity, growth and jobs.





What is Cloud Computing?

Storing, processing and use of data on <u>remotely</u> located computers <u>accessed</u> over the internet

- Hardware owned by cloud computing provider who
- dynamically optimises hardware use which
- allows energy savings & transcends physical location.
- Users access data & software from anywhere on any device,
- pay by usage (CAPEX → OPEX), and
- can flexibly add or remove capacity.





Cloud Computing: Key Actions

- 1. Cutting through Jungle of Standards
- 2. Safe & Fair Contract Terms & Conditions
- 3. European Cloud Partnership





Cloud Computing: Other Actions

Focus Horizon 2020 support on bottlenecks

Connecting Europe Facility will use cloud

Cloud in International Dialogue and free-trade negotiations





Ďakujem za pozornosť!

Otázky?

