

Resistine AI in CyberSecurity

2025

TLP:GREEN

Petr Chmelar petr@resistine.com

Artificial intelligence?

Artificial intelligence is the last really big thing I will see in my lifetime.

Since the Industrial Revolution, we've replaced muscles...

Now, we should learn how to replace our brains 🤖

TLP:GREEN

The History of INNOVATION CYCLES

Below, we show waves of innovation across 250 years, from the Industrial Revolution to sustainable technology.

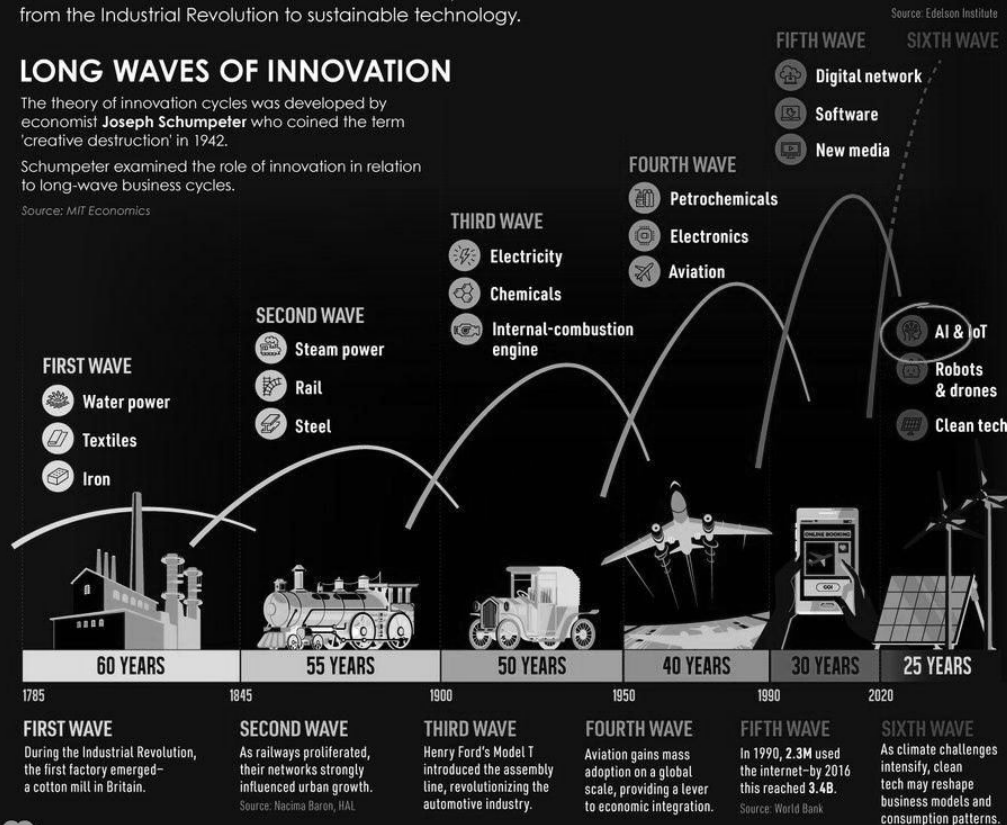
Source: Edelson Institute

LONG WAVES OF INNOVATION

The theory of innovation cycles was developed by economist **Joseph Schumpeter** who coined the term 'creative destruction' in 1942.

Schumpeter examined the role of innovation in relation to long-wave business cycles.

Source: MIT Economics





BRNO
UNIVERSITY
OF TECHNOLOGY

NIST
CYBERSECURITY FRAMEWORK



CCDCOE
NATO COOPERATIVE
CYBER DEFENCE
CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE

GREYCORTEX

TLP:GREEN



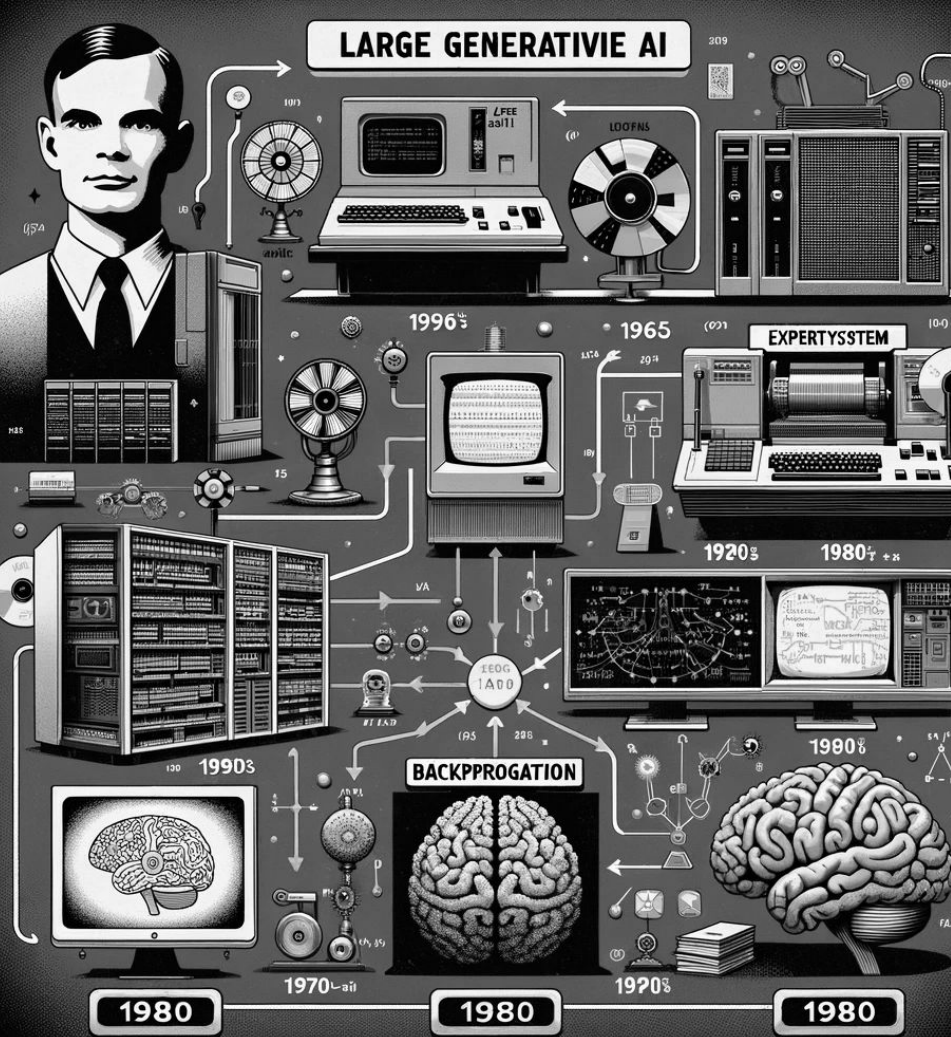
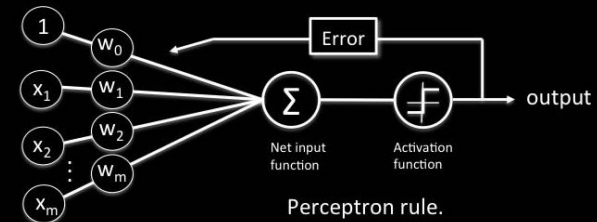
What is AI?

- AI is a **simulation of human intelligence** in machines that are programmed to think like humans and mimic their actions
- AI is a **machine** that exhibits traits associated **with a human mind** such as responding to questions, reasoning or problem-solving



How did it started...

- **1940s–1960s: The concepts**
Alan Turing created the Test to measure Machine Intelligence
- **1943–1957: The Perceptron**
the first Neuron was created in UK
- **1950s+: Expert systems**
specific domain knowledge and a set of rules
- **1962–1980s: The backpropagation**
algorithm to adjust weight and train the network



What is CyberSecurity?

- **Govern**: that's the centerpoint of it
- **Prevent**: Identify Assets and Risks, Educate and **Protect** the Good
- **Detect** Vulnerabilities, Threats and the Ugly *and then*
- **React**: Respond and Recover the Bad

That's what the EC calls (Cyber) Hygiene

Security is everyone's business



What is CyberSecurity?

Today?

- **Govern:** that's the centerpoint of it
- **Prevent:** Identify Assets and Risks, Educate and **Protect** the Good
- **Detect** Vulnerabilities, Threats and the Ugly and then
- **React:** Respond and Recover the Bad

That's what the EC calls (Cyber) Hygiene

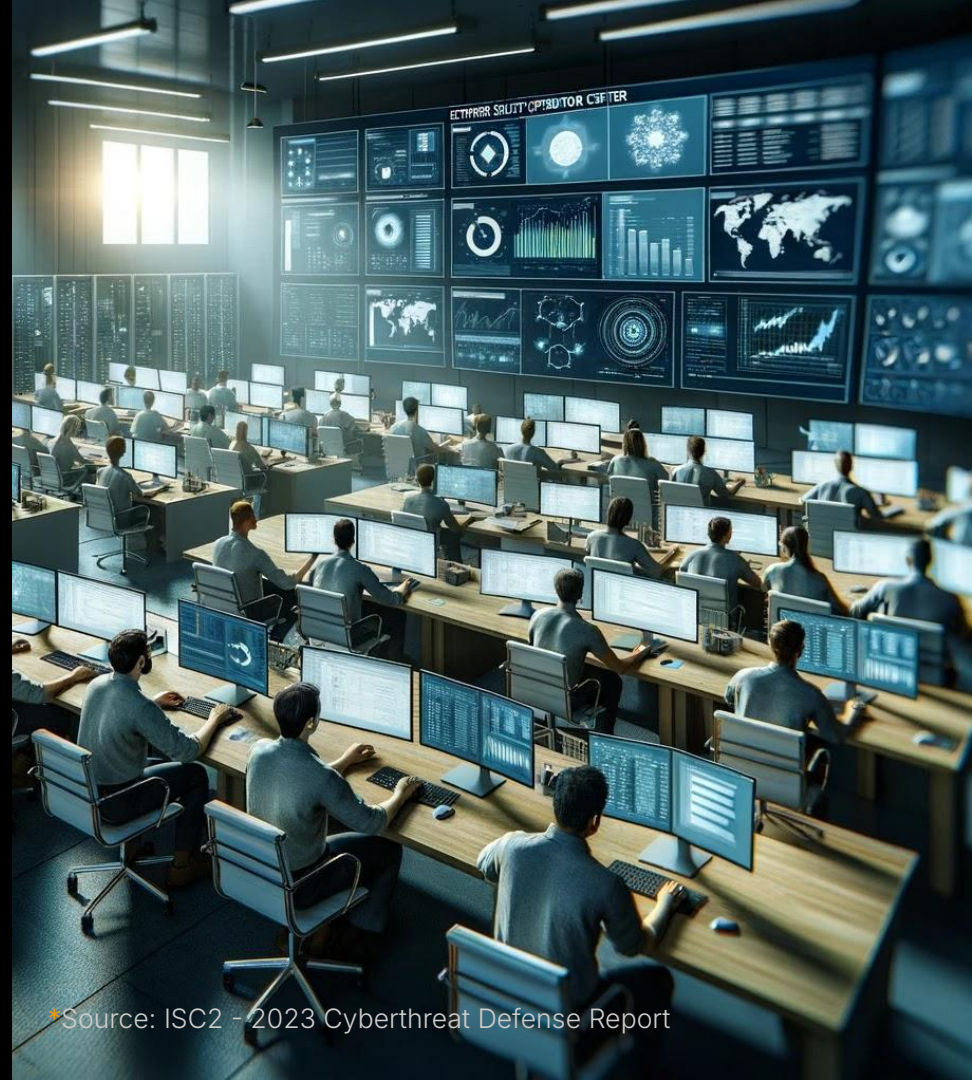
Security is everyone's business



What is CyberSecurity?

Today?

NIST NIS 2 DDoS
Detection and Response Risk IDS EDR
SoC VPN DLP Firewall Authentication
Prevent Headache Too much data*
Insurance 3.4M people* Lack of skilled tired
Windows Antivirus BSI Router
Security Information XDR
BackUp Zero Trust Protect Update
Ransomware Endpoint NDR XDR
Threat Intelligence Password Management
ISO 27000 Low Training* SIEM burnout
...TLP:GREEN meaning of life? eats Analysts



*Source: ISC2 - 2023 Cyberthreat Defense Report

How AI in CyberSecurity started?

- We want a system that can separate good from bad, normal from abnormal
- Since the late 1980s: Researchers have tried to integrate of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) in cybersecurity solutions, but progress has been slow¹
- Since 1987: Focusing on intrusion detection systems (IDS) to identify unauthorized access or anomalies within networks
- In 1999: DARPA (the government agency that created the Internet), created benchmark sets an called for research on ML methods in security... KDD Cup 1999
- But it was based on Decision Trees... and full of false positives

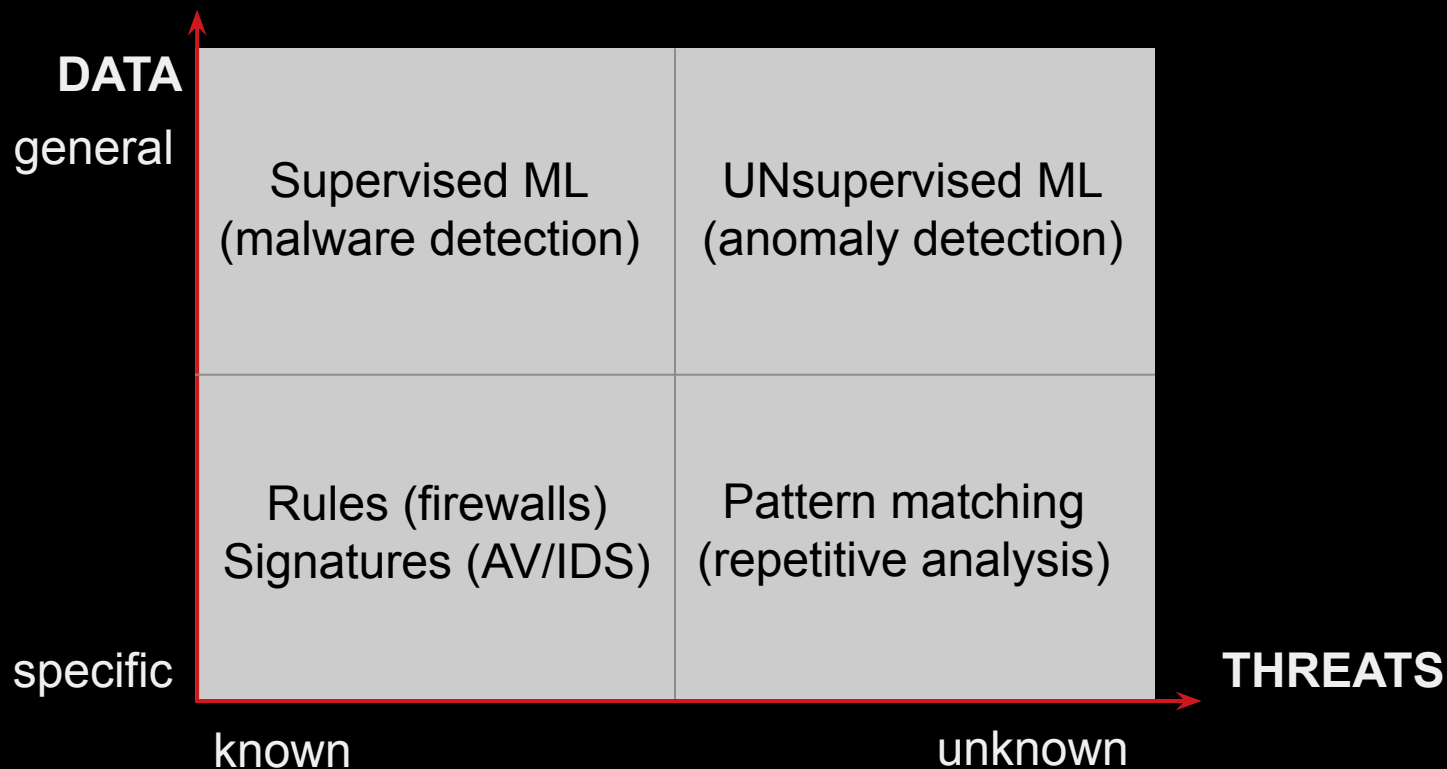


First Practical Uses

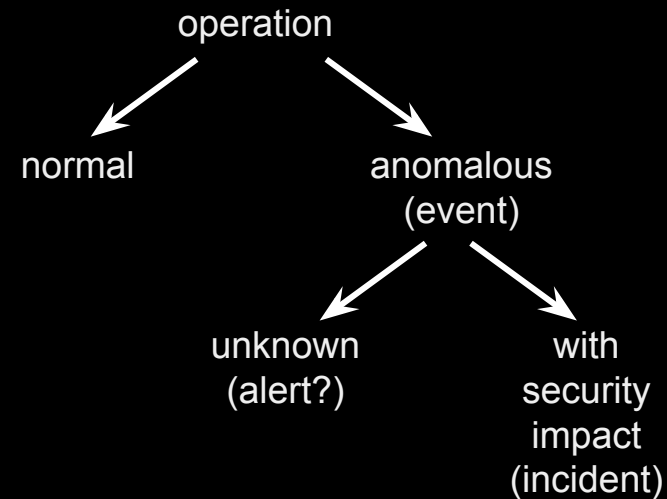
- **1990s: Heuristic Analysis**
utilizing rule-based approaches to detect previously unknown viruses by companies like AVG, Avast or ESET
- **2000s: Spam, phishing, and URL filtering**
using supervised learning. These systems compared incoming data to labeled threats—like blacklisted URLs—to identify and block malicious content based on learned patterns.
- **Late 2000s: Malware Detections**
first practical supervised threat detections



Machine Learning (ML) Use Cases



Relation of Anomalous Events and Security Incidents



What About Real AI?

- **2020s: Large Language Models**
Models trained to analyze PowerShell scripts, binary files, and even log data using NLP techniques...

Or even create some malware

- **2023: Microsoft Security Copilot**
 - Summarize incidents
 - Suggest remediation
 - Interpret logs
 - May generate detection rules

Can't do what analysts do yet





TLP:GREEN

Real Change!


AI CyberSecurity Assistant

TLP:GREEN



←  Resistine ▾



 **Assistant** 3 min

Hey, there is some malware on Mike's computer.
It doesn't have an antivirus.
I can install it and restart the computer...



Do it!



Resistine

AI CyberSecurity Assistant

1. identifies assets and risks,
2. detects vulnerabilities and threats,
3. suggests responses and
4. communicates with everyone for training and compliance

to improve your cybersecurity.

With chat interface – easy to use!

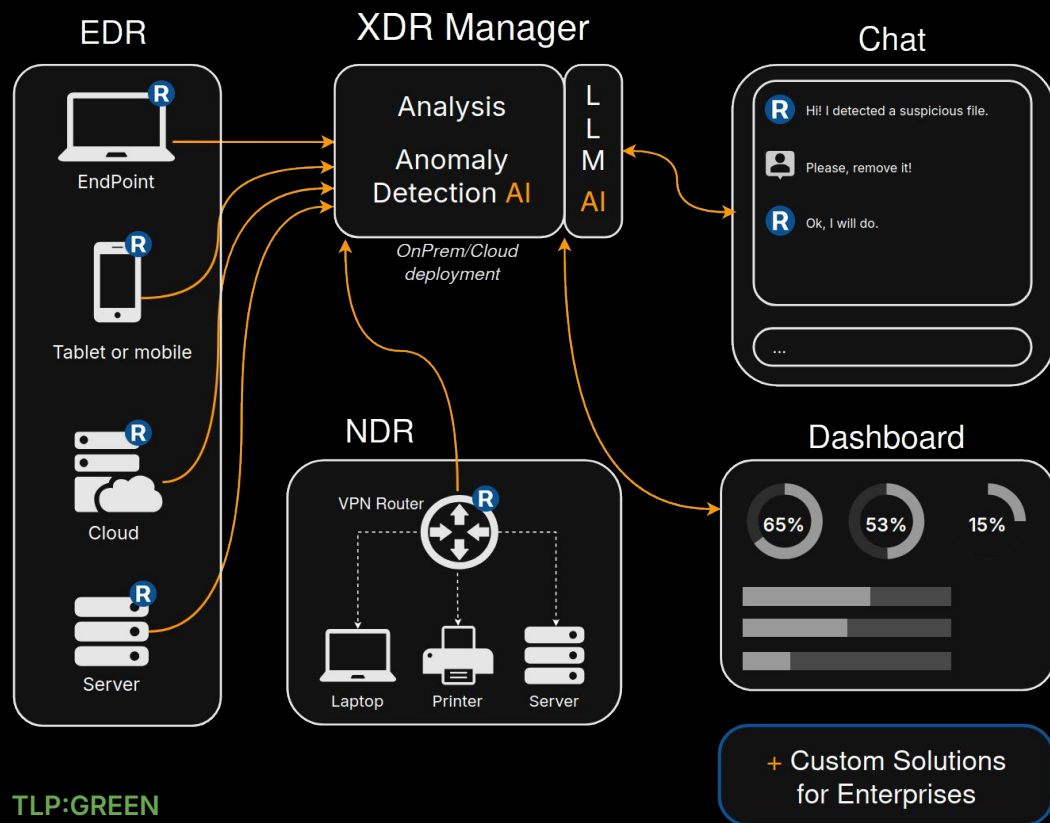
Finally!

AI Language Model

- **Assistant**
AI Chat provides help on cyber-topics
- generates data queries and summarizes their results
- **AutoPilot***
automatically builds knowledge similarly to L1 Security Operation Center expert
- alerts admins and managers
- communicates with everyone for training and compliance using Resistine Apps or even eg. Slack



How Does it Work?



AI CyberSecurity AutoPilot

EndPoint Detection and Response
EDR

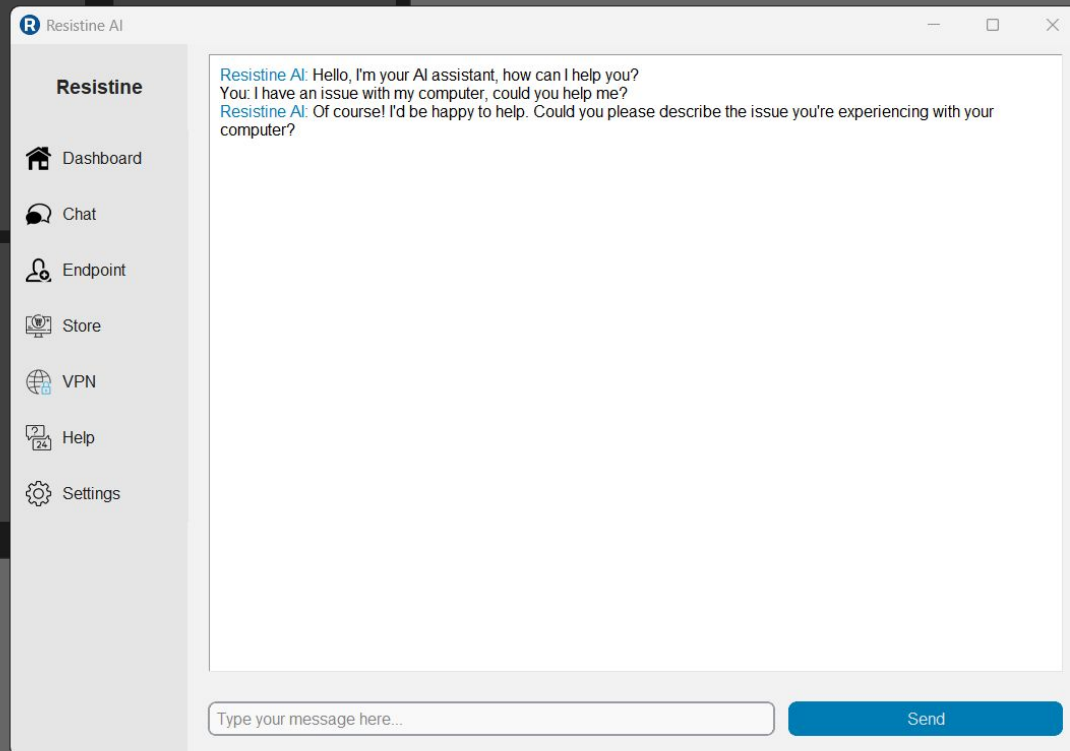
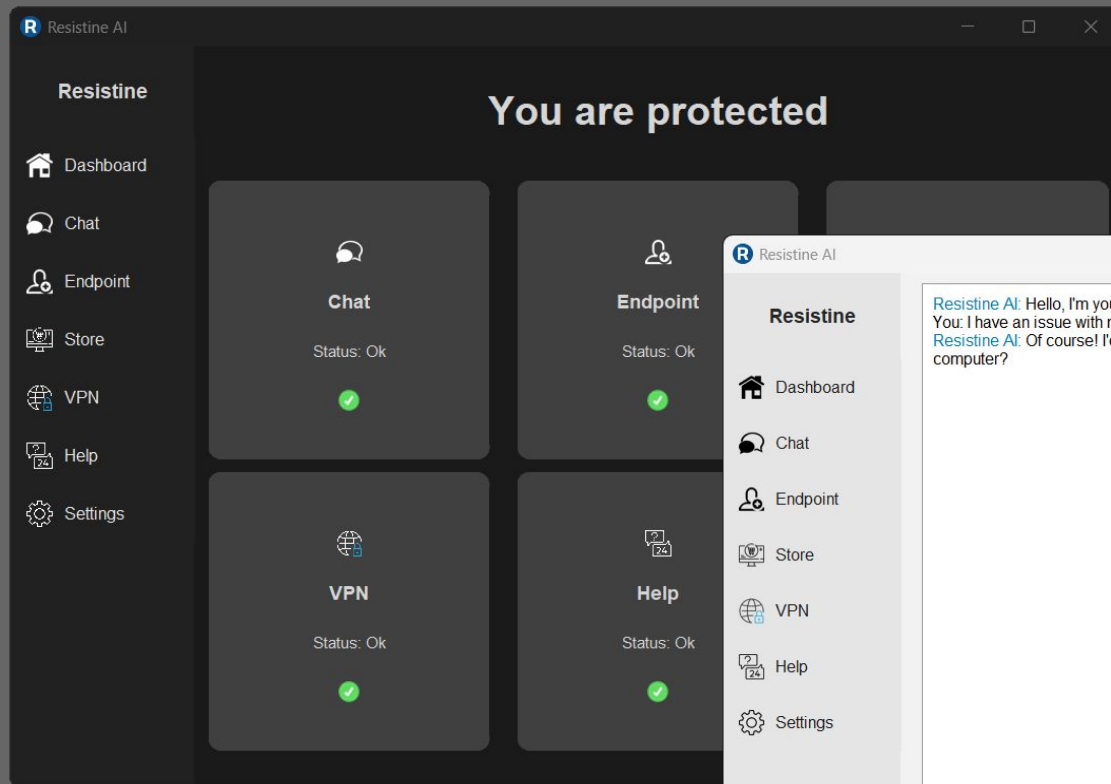
Network Detection and Response
NDR

Extended Detection and Response
XDR

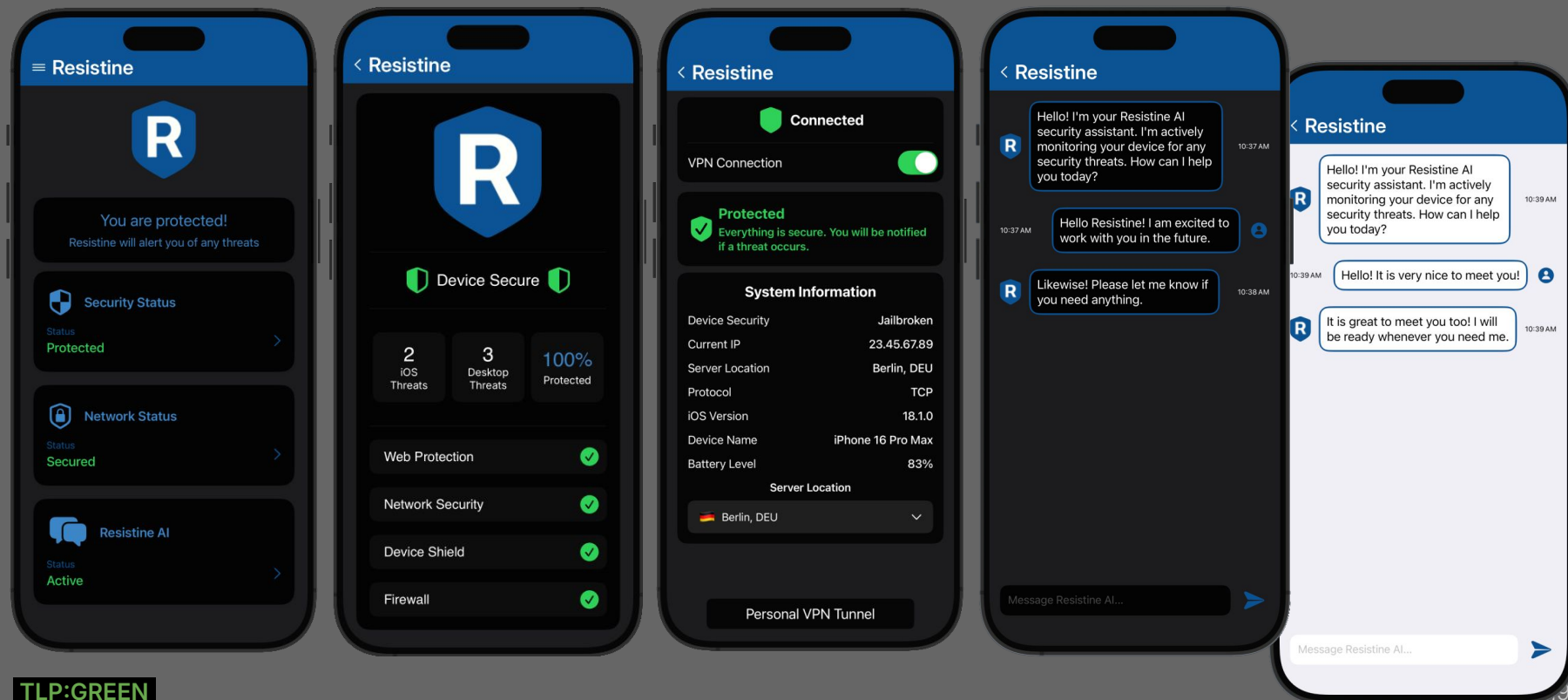
Choose Your Interface:
Dashboard or Interactive?

EDR Chat

EndPoint Detection & Response



Resistine for iOS in Development



XDR Manager

Resistine

R

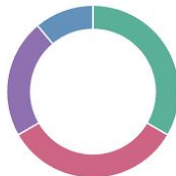
Endpoints

AGENTS BY STATUS



- Active (9)
- Disconnected (0)
- Pending (0)
- Never connected (0)

TOP 5 OS



- kali (3)
- windows (3)
- ubuntu (2)
- debian (1)

Agents (9)

Show only outdated

Deploy new



Search

WQL

ID ↑	Name	IP address	Group(s)	Operating system	Actions
001	kali-proxmox	192.168.50.172	PROXMOX FEKT	Kali GNU/Linux 2024.4	👁️ ⋮
002	proxmoxbr1	192.168.50.50	PROXMOX FEKT	Debian GNU/Linux 12	👁️ ⋮
003	BUTCA1	192.168.50.189	FEKT	Microsoft Windows 11 Home 10.0.22631.4602	👁️ ⋮
004	BUTCA1-linux	192.168.50.191	FEKT	Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS	👁️ ⋮
005	BUTCA2-linux	192.168.50.181	FEKT	Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS	👁️ ⋮
006	DESKTOP-AS7AVOK	192.168.50.185	FEKT	Microsoft Windows 10 Pro 10.0.19044.1706	👁️ ⋮
007	UTKO1-linux	192.168.50.17	FEKT	Kali GNU/Linux 2023.3	👁️ ⋮
008	agent1	192.168.50.184	FEKT	Kali GNU/Linux 2024.4	👁️ ⋮
009	UTKO2	192.168.50.186	FEKT	Microsoft Windows 10 Pro 10.0.19045.5131	👁️ ⋮

first validate the alert's severity and accuracy, then perform a detailed investigation by checking the specific vulnerability details, affected systems, and potential exploit paths. Immediately assess the risk level, prioritize the vulnerability based on CVSS score, isolate vulnerable systems if needed, apply vendor patches or recommended mitigations, update system configurations, and document the incident response process. Use Wazuh's threat intelligence and reporting features to track remediation progress and prevent similar vulnerabilities in the future.

What is the mitre ID for obfuscation?



The MITRE ATT&CK technique ID for obfuscation is T1027, which covers various methods adversaries use to hide malicious code or artifacts to evade detection, such as encoding, encryption, or disguising files and scripts.



Ask me anything...



Go

Recently viewed

Home

Overview

Explore

Discover

Dashboards

Visualize

Reporting

Alerting

Maps

Notifications

Endpoint security

Configuration Assessment

Malware Detection

File Integrity Monitoring

Threat intelligence

Security operations

PCI DSS

GDPR

HIPAA

NIST 800-53

TSC

Cloud security

Dashboard Inventory Events

Search

wazuh.cluster.name: resistine-Standard-PC-i440FX-PIIX-1996

Evaluated Under evaluation

Add filter

DQL

Refresh

Explore agent

24

Critical - Severity

430

High - Severity

954

Medium - Severity

24

Low - Severity

425

Pending - Evaluation

Top 5 vulnerabilities

Count

CVE-2024-47175 13

CVE-2023-27043 9

CVE-2024-6923 9

CVE-2024-7592 9

CVE-2024-9287 9

Top 5 OS

Count

Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS (Noble Numbat) 1,780

Debian GNU/Linux 12 (bookworm) 70

Kali GNU/Linux 2024.4 7

Top 5 agents

Count

ubuntuwp 1,780

proxmoxbr1 70

kali 7

Top 5 packages

Count

linux-image-6.8.0-41-generic 1,423

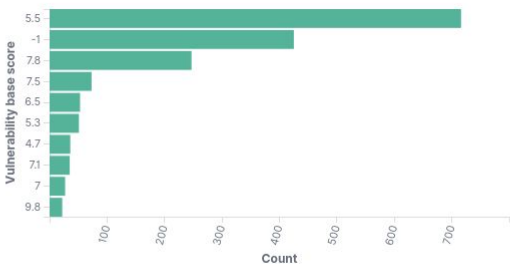
firefox 23

bluez 19

bluez-cups 10

bluez-obexd 10

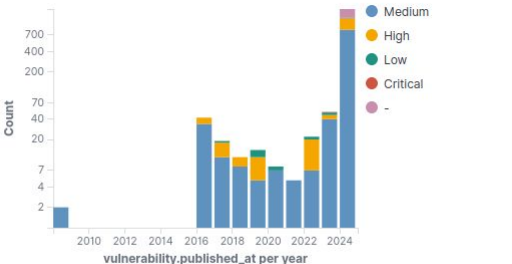
Most common vulnerability score



Most vulnerable OS families



Vulnerabilities by year of publication





TLP:GREEN

Resistine.com

to make customers and the
world **safer and more free**

Petr Chmelar petr@resistine.com

Berlin – Brno – ?