

E-Government in the Finnish Local Government

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Finnish Public Government

State government

- Central state government
- Regional state government
- Local state government

Staff 110.000

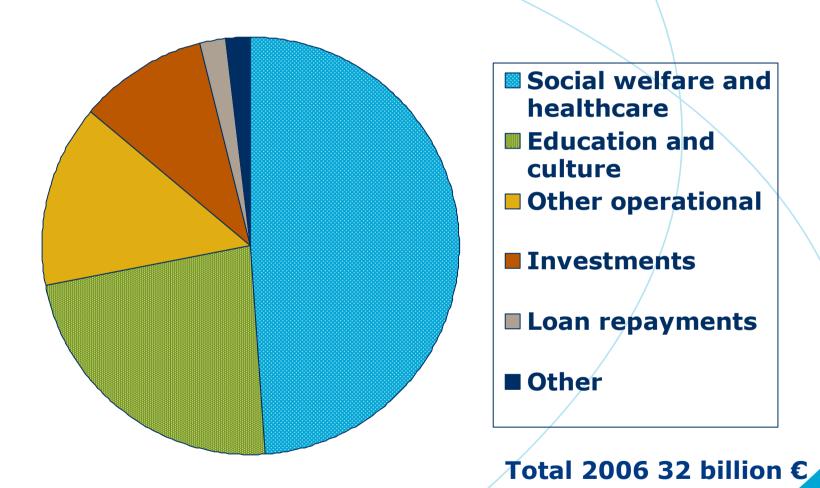


Local government

- 416/municipalities
- Co-operation of the municipalities:
- Subregional local government (owned by municipalities)
- Regional local government (owned by municipalities)

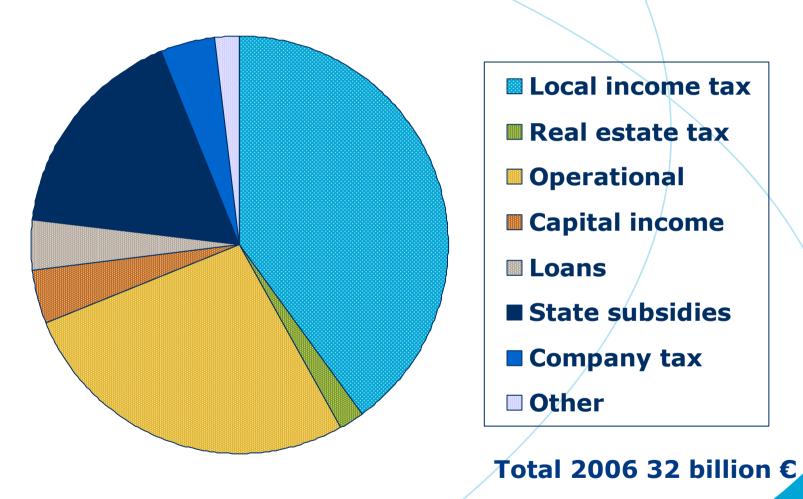
Staff 430.000

Expenditure of the Finnish municipalities 2006





Income of the Finnish municipalities 2006





Finnish municipalities differ, but not their services

		Average	Min.	Max.	
Population		12 083	134	559 330	
Population density	inh./km ²	17,1	0,2	3 032,1	
Area (net of water areas)	km ²	705	6	15 173	
Economic structure					
Agriculture and forestry	y %	4,3	0,1	32,0	
Manufacturing	%	25,8	5,5	50,6	
Services	%	68,1	35,8	84,8	
Age structure					
0–14 year-olds	%	17,6	9,6	31,7	
15–64 year-olds	%	66,8	55,3	71,8	
65 and over	%	15,6	6,0	32,4	
Local tax rate 2005,					
% of taxable income		18,30	16,00	21,00	



Strengths

- Society and infrastructure
 - Governance
 - Concept of the Nordic welfare society
 - Education
 - Broadband
 - Internet, mobile phones, email
 - Automation of financial sector
- Long experience on ICT
- Wide approach
- Capacity in every organisation
- National joint services
- Good co-operation
- Freedom of information

Finnish local e-government

Weaknesses

- Effects of aging
- ICT very organisation- and structure-oriented
- Lack of knowhow on the top
- Small and isolated ITmarket, little competition in the operational software
- Increasing differences in the capacity of the municipalities
- Scattered funding and decision-making
- Lack of national cooperation platforms



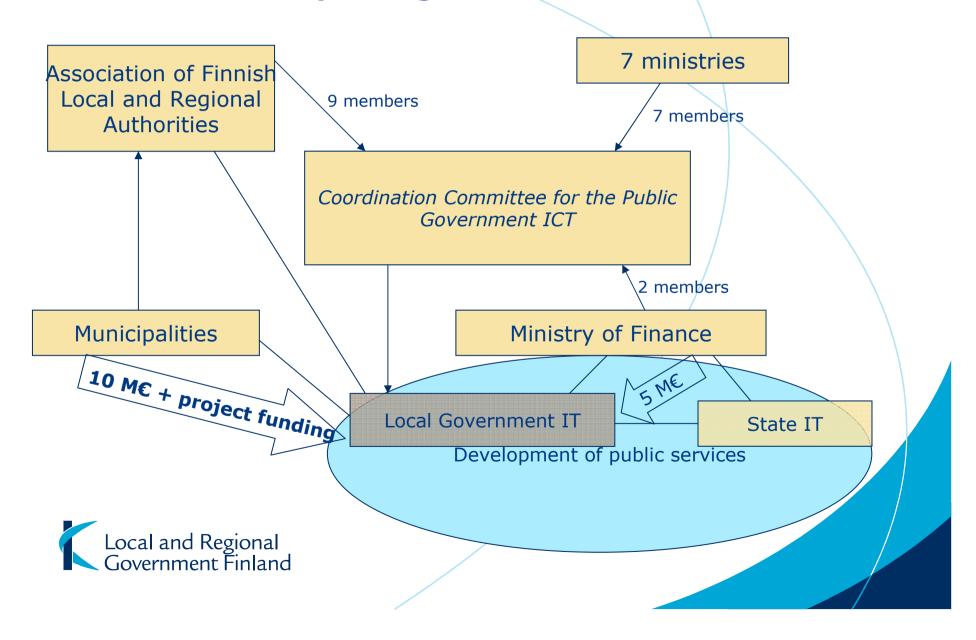
What we are doing just now?

- Structural reform, from 460 to 300 municipalities before 2013 (voluntary process supported by the state)
 - Meeting the challenges of the aging with a better effectiveness in the service production
 - More joint national services, more joint municipal ITservice production
 - New model for public government IT coordination
- Single points of public services, seamless service/chains
- Increasing role of the self-service
- More attention on local-logistics
- Killing unnecessary services

FROM ORGANISATION-ORIENTED TO STRUCTURE-FREE IT



New model for public government coordination

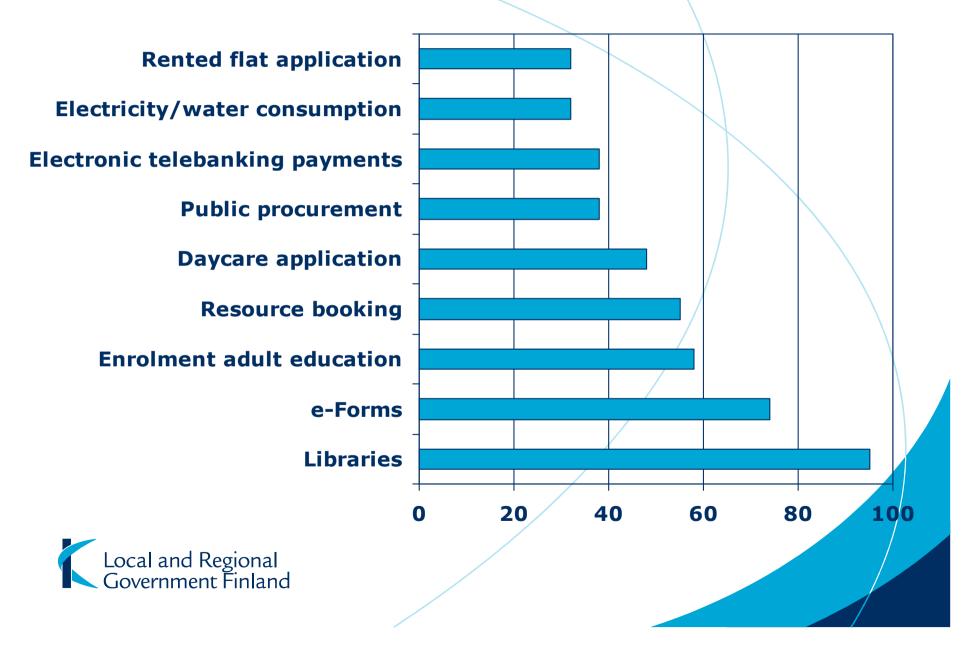


Local Government IT Development Unit

- Joint solutions
 - Identification and payment portal VETUMA (ID-card, bank certification, mobile phone, telebanking, credit cards)
 - Basic registers (population, buildings, real estates, maps)
 - National patient record portal
 - National CV-service
 - Life situation services
- Guidelines, recommendations and standards
- Requirements
 - Architecture
 - Procurement
 - IT-management



E-Services in the Finnish Municipalities 2007 (% of municipalities)



Multichannel

MULTICHANNEL DOES NOT MEAN THE USE OF ALL POSSIBLE CHANNELS IN EVERY SERVICE, BUT THE USE OF THE MOST APPROPRIATE CHANNELS IN THE SINGLE PARTS OF THE SERVICE PROCESS

SERVICE PROCESS

Making a doctor's appointment

Self-service in the change of appointment

Visiting doctor

Personal and general health information







ICT and Joint Services

Back Offices
Service
providers

Public Private Non profit organizations



Remote interpretation

Decisions with videoconference

Service Desk
Joint tool for
providers and customers

Benefits
Employment
Health
Housing
Education
Childcare
Tax...

Front Office
Customer
and His/Her
Life Event



Multichannel access



Call Center
One Stop Shop
Internet Portal

Digital TV



Killing unnecessary services

